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Item 98 (i) of the provisional agenda*
General and complete disarmament

Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels

Report of the Secretary-General

Addendum**

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* A/66/150.

** This information was received after the submission of the main report.

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Guyana

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[11 July 2011]

The views of the Government of Guyana as regards the formulation of principles that can serve as a framework for regional agreements on conventional arms control are stipulated below.

Countries must have (a) strict controls over the manufacture of firearms and the monitoring of the movements of such weapons after manufacture; and (b) transparent and strict import, export and re-export systems to facilitate proper control.

Countries should satisfy, as far as possible, the United Nations Protocol against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, Their Parts and Components and Ammunition

Countries of the Latin American and Caribbean Region must comply with the Inter-American Convention Against the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, Ammunition, Explosives, and Other Related Materials.

Laws relating to the control of firearms in the region must be harmonized.

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Sixty-sixth session
Item 104 of the provisional agenda*

Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Report by the Secretary-General

Addendum**

* A/66/150.
** The information contained in the annex was received after the submission of the main report.

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Annex

Report on efforts of States towards the universalization of the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty*

June 2010-May 2011

State	*Date period*	*Activities and context*	*Comments*
1. Bilateral level			
1(a) Activities relating to annex 2 States			
Austria	June 2010-May 2011	In bilateral meetings, Austria, as appropriate, raised the question of nuclear disarmament, including the entry into force of the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty	
1. Bilateral level			
1(b) Activities relating to non-annex 2 States			
Austria	June 2010-May 2011	In bilateral meetings, Austria, as appropriate, raised the question of nuclear disarmament, including the entry into force of the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty	
2. Multilateral level			
2(a) Global			
Austria	June 2010-May 2011	At the Fifth Ministerial Meeting on the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty, held in New York, the Federal Minister for European and International Affairs, Michael Spindelegger, strongly urged speeding up the process of the entry into force of the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty	

* The report includes activities that have been completed (i.e. that are not ongoing or planned) and that were aimed at promoting the entry into force of the Treaty.

State	Date/period	Activities and context	Comments
	December 2010	Austria voted in favour of General Assembly resolution 65/91, entitled "Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty"	
	June 2010-May 2011	As the host country, Austria supported the Preparatory Commission by providing a voluntary contribution to finance the participation of experts from developing countries in technical meetings of the Commission	
Trinidad and Tobago	June 2010-May 2011	Following the Final Communiqué of the Commonwealth Heads of Government Meeting, held in Trinidad and Tobago, from 27 to 29 November 2009, in which Heads of Governments acknowledged the threats posed by weapons of mass destruction, especially nuclear weapons, and reaffirmed their commitment towards ridding the world of these weapons, Trinidad and Tobago, as Chair-in-Office of the Commonwealth until October 2011, continued to promote all topics included in the Final Communiqué	
	September 2010	Affirming that the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty constitutes the cornerstone of the nuclear non-proliferation regime, Trinidad and Tobago introduced a resolution, entitled "Women, disarmament, non-proliferation and arms control" in 2010, during the sixty-fifth session of the General Assembly (resolution 65/69)	
	September 2010	Trinidad and Tobago participated in the high-level meeting on revitalizing the work of the Conference on Disarmament	

State	*Date/period*	*Activities and content*	*Comments*
		and taking forward multilateral disarmament negotiations, held at the United Nations Headquarters in New York	
	December 2010	On 8 December 2010, Trinidad and Tobago voted in favour of General Assembly resolution 65/91, entitled "Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty"	
2. Multilateral level			
2(b) Regional			
Austria	June 2010 May 2011	As a member State of the European Union, Austria supported all relevant statements, positions, initiatives and financial contributions of the European Union in support of the Treaty	
Trinidad and Tobago	June 2010	Trinidad and Tobago supported the adoption of the resolution entitled "Disarmament and non-proliferation in the hemisphere" at the fortieth regular session of the General Assembly of the Organization of American States, held in Peru, from 6 to 8 June 2010	